

EARLY NATIONAL ERA

CLASS-----

DATE-----

NAME-----

1-How did George Washington respond to the Whiskey Rebellion?

- A. He doubled the excise tax on whiskey
- B. He sent troops against the rebels in Pennsylvania.
- C. He asked Congress to pass a law forbidding anyone to make whiskey
- D. He lowered the price of corn, one of the ingredients used to make whiskey.

2-Which of the following was NOT a way in which the Cherokees' culture was similar to that of white Americans?

- A. The Cherokees had farms and businesses.
- B. The Cherokees had an army and a navy.
- C. The Cherokees had a written language.
- D. The Cherokees had their own schools.

3-When he took office as President, Thomas Jefferson ?

- A. organized passage of the Twelfth Amendment.
- B. increased all federal taxes.
- C. fired all Federalists who held government offices.
- D. helped people who had been fined and convicted under the Sedition Act.

4-Which of the following established the principle of judicial review?

- A. the Judicial Act of 1789
- B. Marbury v. Madison
- C. the election of 1800
- D. the Sedition Act

5-The first person to sign the Declaration of Independence was ..

- A. Thomas Jefferson
- B. John Hancock
- C. George Washington
- D. Seth Warner

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6-Canada faced tensions with the United States in the early 1800s because the United States

- A. placed an embargo on Canadian goods.
- B. was against Canadian independence.
- C. refused to export goods to Canada.
- D. had attempted to invade Canada in the War of 1812

7-France was willing to sell the Louisiana Territory for all the following reasons EXCEPT

- A. a revolution in Haiti had forced the French to leave.
- B. the French were no longer able to defend the territory
- C. French settlers thought the land was of poor quality.
- D. tensions between Britain and France were increasing

8-Problems with foreign trade were caused by all of the following EXCEPT

- A. blockades by British ships
- B. American interference in European affairs.
- C. attacks by Barbary pirates in the Mediterranean.
- D. an embargo on American ships.

9-With the treaty that ended the Battle of Horseshoe Bend,

- A. the Creeks in Georgia were forced to give up their land.
- B. fighting ended between the United States and Britain.
- C. Tecumseh and the Shawnee agreed to stop attacking settlers.
- D. the British and Native Americans made peace.

10-Which statement BEST expresses President Washington's beliefs about foreign policy?

- A. The United States should use force when aiding allies in international disputes.
- B. The United States should support permanent alliances with other nations.
- C. The United States should take a more active role in international affairs.
- D. The United States should not get involved in disputes between other nations.

11-The last Native American to surrender formally to the United States was.

- A. Sitting Bull
- B. Geronimo
- C. Crazy Horse
- D. Chief Joseph

12-At the time of the War of 1812, which European country controlled most of the territory in the Americas?

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- B. Britain
- C. France
- D. Canada

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14-Which of the following statements is generally true of the framers of the Constitution?

- A. They believed in the supremacy of the executive branch of the federal government.
- B. They had great faith in the goodness and rationality of people.
- C. They were opposed to the development of political parties.
- D. They incorporated into the Constitution the most democratic ideals of the Declaration of Independence.
- E. They believed the new American republic would be stable because of the unanimity of public opinion in the country on major policy issues.

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ANSWERS

1-B

2-B

3-D

4-B

5-B

6-D

7-C

8-B

9-A

10-D

11-C

12-A

13-A

14-C