

American Civil War

CLASS-----

DATE-----

NAME-----

1-What were slave codes?

- A. Rules to protect the general welfare of enslaved people.
- B. Ways for enslaved people to secretly communicate with one another other.
- C. Laws that controlled the lives of enslaved African Americans.
- D. guidelines for freeing a certain number of enslaved people every year

2-Why did people in the North and South have such different views about slavery?

- A. The South's economy depended on slavery, while the economy of the North did not.
- B. Most people in the South believed slavery was morally wrong.
- C. Northerners thought slavery was destroying the economy.
- D. Southerners believed slavery should be eliminated gradually, while northerners thought it should be abolished all at once.

3-Which statement best describes Henry Clay's goal in proposing the Missouri Compromise?

- A. Eventually, slavery as an institution will be overturned and the slaves will all be freed."
- B. Slavery will be allowed in some northern states like southern states.
- C. Northern and southern states cannot agree on a system that will satisfy them both.
- D. "The balance in the Senate will be maintained by this

4-Who made the following statement?

- A. "If I could save the Union without freeing any slave, I would do it, and if I could save it by freeing ALL the slaves, I would do it."
- B. Ulysses S. Grant
- C. Robert E. Lee
- D. Abraham Lincoln
- E. Horace Greeley

5-What is Harriet Tubman closely associated with

- A. helping to preserve slavery.
- B. the Underground Railroad.
- C. the slave ship Amistad.
- D. the Second Great Awakening.

6-The economy in the northern states was based mainly on

- A. farming
- B. plantation work

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- C. services
- D. industry

7-What does secede mean in the following sentence?

- A. In the 1850's southern states began to think about seceding from the Union.
- B. stay in the Union
- C. equal representation on Congress
- D. leave the Union
- E. agree with its laws

8-What does the word abolitionist mean in the following sentence?

- A. William Lloyd Garrison was a famous abolitionist who wanted to end slavery.
- B. someone who is promotes slavery
- C. someone who wanted to end slavery because they felt that it was morally wrong
- D. someone who owned a slave and believed that slavery was good for the country's economy
- E. Someone who is a slave.

9-The people that fought to end slavery were called.....

- A. terrorists
- B. freedomists
- C. Pilgrims
- D. Abolitionists

10-Who did the Fifteenth Amendment give the right of vote to?

- A. Republicans
- B. Sharecroppers
- C. African Americans

11-Why do you think Harriet Beecher Stowe's book, Uncle Tom's Cabin, was so powerful?

- A. the opinion in the was in agreement with slavery
- B. the book criticized the South for owning slaves and the North for having cotton mills
- C. the book criticized the North for owning slaves
- D. the book criticized California for entering the Union as a slave state

12-Who was the General of the South?

- A. Abraham Lincoln
- B. Robert E. Lee
- C. Daniel Websters
- D. Jefferson Davis

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13-Who was the president of the United States during the Civil War?

- A. George Washington
- B. Abraham Lincoln
- C. Thomas Jefferson
- D. Ulysses S Grant

14-William Lloyd Garrison became a famous abolitionist through his newspaper, The Liberator.

- A. True
- B. False

15-Southerners in the United States needed slaves to work in their_____fields.

- A. tobacco and wheat
- B. tobacco and cotton
- C. Peanut and cotton
- D. all of the above

18-When was the Civil War?

- A. 1862-1869
- B. 1861-1865
- C. 1841-1845
- D. 1861-1863

19-The North had an _____ economy.

- A. Agrarian
- B. Industrial

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ANSWERS

1-C

2-A

3-D

4-D

5-B

6-D

7-D

8-C

9-D

10-C

11-B

12-B

13-B

14-A

15-B

16-B

17-B